

**Biyani Girls College**

**Model test paper A**

**M.Sc Zoology Previous**

**Molecular Biology and Biotechnology**

**Time allowed: 3hrs**

**Max**

**Marks=100**

**Q1 is compulsory. Attempt any 5 in all.**

**Q1.** Answer the following very briefly:

- (i) What is the function of Rnase H during replication?
- (ii) What is the role of sliding clamp loader?
- (iii) What is unit used to measure sedimentation velocity?
- (iv) What is meant by abortive initiation during transcription process in bacteria?
- (v) Draw a clover leaf model for secondary structure of RNA.
- (vi) What is alternative splicing?
- (vii) What is meant by animal trafficking?
- (viii) What is peptidyl transfer reaction?
- (ix) ICSI stands for \_\_\_\_\_.
- (x) Which factor co operatyes with EF-G and IF-3 to recycle Ribosome after polypeptide release in eukaryotes
- (xi) Define Nucleotide excission repair.
- (xii) What is the function of Rec A protein?
- (xiii) What is the importance of AFLP analysis?
- (xiv) What is the function of SSB Protein?
- (xv) Which transcription factor recognizes TATA element?
- (xvi) what is meant by degeneracy of genetic code?
- (xvii) Write the 3 chain terminating codons.

(xviii) What is the function of topoisomerase II at the replication fork?

(xix) What does pluripotency mean?

(xx) What is transgene?

**Q2.** Describe the steps involved in the formation of Pre-Replicative Complex in Eukaryotes  
**20**

**OR**

Write short note on:

**(10+10=20)**

- RNA editing
- Replication of telomeres by Telomerase

**Q3.** Explain the steps of spliceosome mediated splicing reaction  
**20**

**OR**

Describe in short:

**(10+10=20)**

- Initiation of translation in Prokaryotes
- Nucleotide excision repair in *E.coli*

**Q4.** Write short notes on:

**(10+10=20)**

- ICSI
- Bioethics in care and breeding experimental animals

**OR**

Briefly explain the application of RFLP in genetic counselling and pedigree analysis

**20**

**Q5.** Write in short:

**(10+10=20)**

- Eukaryotic polyadenylation and termination
- Cre-lox recombination

**OR**

What is the importance of embryo sexing and cloning in assisted reproductive technology and how it is carried out? **20**

**Biyani Girls College**

**Model test paper B**

**M.Sc Zoology Previous**

**Molecular Biology and Biotechnology**

**Time allowed: 3hrs**

**Max**

**Marks=100**

**Q1 is compulsory. Attempt any 5 in all.**

**Q1.** Answer the following very briefly:

- (i) Define hn-RNA.
- (ii) What is the role of reverse transcriptase?
- (iii) Which box in the eukaryotic promoter is analogous to bacterial pribnow box?
- (iv) Write the name of UAA, UAG, UGA termination codons.
- (v) What is Proteomics?
- (vi) Write two applications of amniocentesis
- (vii) What is the full form of RAPD?
- (viii) Which enzyme is called as molecular scissors?

(ix) During transcription RNA polymerase holoenzyme binds to a gene promoter and assumes a saddle like structure. What is its DNA binding sequence?

(x) Write the sequence that represents mRNA coded from a DNA Segment having a sequence CTCGCGTGT.

(xi) Where does RNA synthesis take place in a eukaryotic cell.

(xii) Who invented PCR?

(xiii) What is Repliosome?

(xiv) What is the function ligase enzyme?

(xv) Which factor is responsible for initiation of transcription in prokaryotes?

(xvi) What is recombinant DNA?

(xvii) Write two applications of genetic engineering

(xviii) What is the function of DNA gyrase?

(xix) What are ES cells?

(xx) Give an example of transgenic fish?

**Q2.** Give a detailed account of DNA repair.

**20**

**OR**

Write short note on:

**(5x4=20)**

- RNA stability
- Amniocentesis
- Holliday Junction
- RNA Polymerases

**Q3.** Explain different types of post-transcriptional modifications in eukaryotes

**20**

**OR**

Describe in short:

**(5x4=20)**

- ES cells
- RAPD analysis
- Genetic Map
- Nuclear export of mRNA

**Q4.** Write short notes on:  
(10+10=20)

- GIFT
- Elongation and termination of translation in Eukaryotes

**OR**

Briefly explain the post translational modifications  
**20**

**Q5.** Write in short:  
(10+10=20)

- FISH
- Amino-acyl t-RNA synthetase
- Proteolytic cleavage
- N and O-Glycosylations of proteins

**OR**

What are the preferred methods for creating transgenic animals? What are its applications & the bioethics related to it.

**20**